بَابٌ مِنْ اَلشِّرْكِ أَنْ يَسْتَغِيثَ بِابٌ مِنْ اَلشِّرْكِ أَنْ يَسْتَغِيثَ بِغَيْرِ اللهِ أَوْ يَدْعُوَ غَيْرَهُ

To seek help in other than Allah (Istighatha)

or to invoke other than Him is an act of Shirk

Quranic Ayah 1

Yunus: 106-107

وَقَوْلُ اَللَّهِ تَعَالَى ﴿وَلَا تَدْعُ مِنْ دُونِ اَللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنْفَعُكَ وَلَا يَضُرُّكَ [فَإِنْ فَعَلْتَ فَإِنَّكَ إِذًا مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ وَإِنْ يَمْسَسْكَ اَللَّهُ بِضُرِّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ ﴾ الْآيَةَ

And invoke not besides Allah, any that will neither profit you, nor hurt you, but if (in case) you did so, you shall certainly be one of the Zalimun (polytheists and wrong-doers). And if Allah touches you with hurt, there is none who can remove it but He

Quranic Ayah 2

Ankabooth: 17

"..so seek your provision from Allah (Alone), and worship Him (Alone), and be grateful to Him."

Quranic Ayah 3

Al-Ahqaaf: 5

وَقَوْلُهُ ﴿وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنْ يَدْعُو مِنْ دُونِ اَللَّهِ مَنْ لَا يَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ ﴾.

And who is more astray (in religion and intellect) than he who invokes besides Allāh those who will not respond to him until the Day of Resurrection...

Quranic Ayah 4

Al-Naml: 62

وَقَوْلُهُ ﴿أَمَّنْ يُجِيبُ الْمُضْطَرَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَيَكْشِفُ اَلسُّوءَ ﴾.

Is not He (better than your gods) Who responds to the distressed one, when he calls Him, and Who removes the evil....

Ahadeeth 1

At-Tabrani

وَرَوَى الطَّبَرَانِيُّ بِإِسْنَادِهِ «أَنَّهُ كَانَ فِي زَمَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اَللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ مُنَافِقٌ يُؤْذِي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ, فَقَالَ بَعْضُهُمْ قُومُوا بِنَا نَسْتَغِيثُ بِرَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ مِنْ هَذَا الْمُنَافِقِ, فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ -صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ- إِنَّهُ لَا يُسْتَغَاثُ بِي وَإِنَّمَا يُسْتَغَاثُ بِاللَّهِ»

At- Tabarani narrates with his Isnad (chain of the narrators):

During the days of the Prophet (May the peace and blessing of Allah be upon him) there was a hypocrite who used to harm the believers, some of them (the believers) said, "Come (support) with us while we appeal to Allah's Messenger (May the peace and blessing of Allah be upon him) for assistance against this hypocrite." The Prophet (May the peace and blessing of Allah be upon him) replied, "Verily, no one should seek to me for assistance. Indeed, it is Allah Who is to be sought for assistance and help."

Points - 5

Important issues of the Chapter:	فِيهِ مَسَائِلُ:
 أنَّ عَطْفَ الدُّعَاءِ عَلَى الإسْتِغَاثَةِ مِنْ عَطْفِ الْعَامِ عَلَى 	الْأُولَى:
الْخَاصِ.	
To attach supplication or invocation	
(Du'a) with seeking assistance	
(Istighatha) through conjunction is to	
attach a general matter to one which	
is specific.	
ُ تَفْسِيرُ قَوْلِهِ وَلَا تَدْعُ مِنْ دُونِ اَللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنْفَعُكَ وَلَا	اَلثَّانِيَةُ:
يَضُرُّكَ .	
Explanation of the verse	

"And invoke not besides Allah, any	
that will neither profit you,	
nor hurt you"	
نَّالِقَةُ: ۚ أَنَّ هَذَا هُوَ الشِّرْكُ الْأَكْبَرُ.	ألث
This is the greater Shirk.	
اِيِعَةُ: أَنَّ أَصْلَحَ النَّاسِ لَوْ فَعَلَهُ إِرْضَاءً لِغَيْرِهِ, صَارَ مِنْ	الرَّ
الطَّالِمِينَ.	
The most pious person, if he calls	
for help other than Allah, even for	
the gratification of someone else, he	
will become one of the Zalimun	
(wrong-doers, polytheists).	
خَامِسَةُ: تَفْسِيرُ الْآيَةِ الَّتِي بَعْدَهَا.	الْ
Explanation of the verse following	
(Yunus: 107)	
سَّادِسَةُ كُوْنُ ذَلِكَ لَا يَنْفَعُ فِي الدُّنْيَا مَعَ كَوْنِهِ كُفْرًا.	ألد
Calling others for help besides Allah	
is of no benefit in this world and	
besides that it is disbelief (Kufr).	
سَّابِعَةُ تَفْسِيرُ الْآيَةِ الثَّالِثَةِ	آلد
Explanation of the Verse	
Ankabooth: 17.	
نَّامِنَةُ الْجَنَّةُ لَا الرِّزْقِ لَا يَنْبَغِي إِلَّا مِنْ اللَّهِ, كَمَا أَنَّ الْجَنَّةَ لَا	ألأ
تُطْلَبُ إِلَّا مِنْهُ.	
Requesting sustenance and	
provisions should be done to none	

The one called upon will deny and reject this act of worship towards him.

هِيَ سَبَبُ كَوْنِهِ أَضَلَّ ٱلنَّاسِ.

الْخَامِسَةُ

This is why such a supplicant is the most astray of the people.

تَفْسِيرُ الْآيَةِ الْخَامِسَةِ.

Explanation of the fifth Verse Al-Naml: 62.

اَلسَّابِعَةُ عَشْرَةَ: ۚ الْأَمْرُ الْعَجِيبُ, وَهُوَ إِقْرَارُ عَبَدَةِ الْأَوْثَانِ أَنَّهُ لَا يُجِيبُ الْمُضْطَرَّ إِلَى اللَّهِ, وَلِأَجْلِ هَذَا يَدَعُونَهُ فِي الشَّدَائِدِ

مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ.

Astonishing is the admission of idolaters that none relieves the one in distress other than Allah. That is why, they call upon Him in times of extreme difficulty with the utmost religious sincerity.

الثَّامِنَةُ عَشْرَةَ: حِمَايَةُ الْمُصْطَفَى صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ حِمَى التَّوْحِيدِ وَالتَّأَدُّبُ مَعَ اللَّهِ.

The protection of the Chosen One (May Allah be pleased with him) means the protection of Tauhid and being mindful towards Allah.